- **109-2-13. Standards for fixed-wing ambulance aircraft and equipment.** (a) Each operator shall ensure that each fixed-wing air ambulance is pressurized during patient transports according to the ambulance service's medical protocols and operational policies.
- (b) The pilot or pilots shall be sufficiently isolated from the patient care area to minimize inflight distractions and interference.
- (c) Each fixed-wing air ambulance shall have a two-way, interoperable communications system that is readily accessible to both the attendants and the pilot and that meets the following requirements:
  - (1) Allows communications between the aircraft and a hospital; and
- (2) allows an attendant to communicate at all times with medical control, exclusive of the air traffic control system.
- (d) Fixed-wing ambulance aircraft shall have on board patient comfort equipment including the following:
  - (1) One urinal; and
  - (2) one bedpan.
- (e)(1) Each operator of a type V ambulance service shall staff each type V air ambulance with a pilot and one of the following groups of individuals, who shall remain in the patient compartment during patient transport:
- (A) At least two of the following: physician, physician assistant, advanced practice registered nurse, or professional nurse; or
  - (B) one of the individuals listed in paragraph (e)(1)(A) and one of the following:

- (i) An MICT or paramedic; or
- (ii) an optional staff member commensurate with the patient's care needs, as determined by the ambulance service's medical director or as described in the ambulance service's medical protocols, who shall be a health care provider as defined in K.A.R. 109-1-1 (cc). The medical personnel shall remain in the patient compartment during patient transport.
- (2) Each of the individuals specified in paragraphs (e)(1)(A) and (B) shall meet the following requirements:
- (A) Have current certification in advanced cardiac life support (ACLS), as adopted by reference in K.A.R. 109 2 7 (e), or in an equivalent area approved by the board; and
- (B) have current certification in either pediatric advanced life support, as adopted by reference in K.A.R. 109-2-7 (f), or an equivalent area approved by the board and in one of the following:
  - (i) International trauma life support-advanced (ITLS-A);
  - (ii) transport nurse advanced trauma course (TNATC);
  - (iii) trauma nurse core course (TNCC);
  - (iv) certified flight registered nurse (CFRN);
  - (v) certified transport registered nurse (CTRN);
  - (vi) pre hospital trauma life support (PHTLS);
  - (vii) critical care emergency medical technician paramedic (CCEMTP); or

	(viii) flight para	medic certification (F	<del>-P-C).</del> (Authorized	by and implemen	ting K.S.A. <u>2013</u>	<u>8 Supp.</u> 65-
6110 <del>, a</del>	<del>is amended by I</del>	L. 2011, ch. 114, sec.	<del>81</del> ; effective Jan. 3	1, 1997; amende	d Jan. 27, 2012;	amended
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